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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/644,769	08/21/2003	Yoshio Honda	Q77075	6885
7590 04/19/2006			EXAMINER	
SUGHRUE MION, PLLC			KLIMOWICZ, WILLIAM JOSEPH	
2100 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W. Washington, DC 20037-3213			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2627	
		DATE MAILED: 04/19/2006		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

•	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
. Office Action Summer	10/644,769	HONDA, YOSHIO			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	William J. Klimowicz	2627			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).					
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on					
	action is non-final.				
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is				
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims					
4) Claim(s) 1-19 is/are pending in the application.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-19</u> is/are rejected.					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.				
Application Papers					
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.					
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>21 August 2003</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).					
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of:					
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.					
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No					
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage					
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).					
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.					
,					
Attachment(s)					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)					
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)					
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 6) Other:					

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DETAILED ACTION

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Claim Objections

Claim 7 is objected to because of the following informalities: With regard to claim 7, the

second period after the word "overcoated" should be removed. Appropriate correction is

required.

Claim Status

Claims 1-19 are currently pending.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1-5 and 10-14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by the

Applicant's admitted prior art (APA) - see page 1 through page 2, line 12 and Figures 1A and 1B

of Applicant's specification...

As per claim 1, the Applicant's admitted prior art (APA) discloses a recording medium

cartridge comprising: a cartridge case (110); a recording medium (e.g., tape wound around tape

reel) housed in the cartridge case (110); and a cartridge memory (100) at least part of which is

housed in said cartridge case (110) - see FIG. 1A, wherein said cartridge memory is separately

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composed (e.g., the chip is made separately and/or by different materials than the IC chip - otherwise they would be identically all antenna or an IC chip with no antenna) so that an IC chip (100c) is electrically connected with an antenna (100b) (e.g., the chip is electrically connected to the antenna to receive signals therefrom)

As per claims 2, 3 and 4,5, the product by process limitations in these claims (e.g., "wherein said antenna is formed by printing," "said antenna is printed with a conducting paste," "printed,") are directed to the product *per se*, no matter how actually made, *In re Hirao*, 190 USPQ 15 at 17(footnote 3). See also *In re Brown*, 173 USPQ 685; *In re Luck*, 177 USPQ 523; *In re Fessman*, 180 USPQ 324; *In re Avery*, 186 USPQ 161; *In re Wertheim*, 191 USPQ 90 (209 USPQ 554 does not deal with this issue); *In re Marosi et al*, 218 USPQ 289; and particularly *In re Thorpe*, 227 USPQ 964, all of which make it clear that it is the patentability of the final structure of the product "gleaned" from the process limitations or steps, which must be determined in a "product by process" claim, and not the patentability of the process limitations. Moreover, an old or obvious product produced by a new method is not a patentable product, whether claimed in "product by process" claims or not. Note that the applicant has the burden of proof in such cases, as the above case law makes clear.

Additionally, as per claims 4, 5, the antenna is on a surface of said cartridge case (110) (e.g., interior surface of case, antenna is directly contacting substrate (110a), which is over the interior surface).

As per claims 10-14 (and also claims 15-18, rejected, *infra*), wherein said antenna is arranged at a corner inside said cartridge case (110) - see FIG. 1A.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 6-9 and 15-19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over the Applicant's admitted prior art (APA) in view of Tanimura et al. (JP 10-214477 A).

See the discussion of the Applicant's admitted prior art (APA), supra.

As per claims 15-18, see the rejections of claims 10-14, *supra*,

As per claims 6-9, wherein s the Applicant's admitted prior art (APA) does not expressly disclose wherein the antenna is overcoated, or as per claim 19, wherein the cartridge comprises a plurality of said antennas or IC chips.

Such antenna overcoatings and/or wherein the cartridge comprises a plurality of said antennas or IC chips are notoriously old and well known and ubiquitous in the art; as just one example, Tanimura et al. (JP 10-214477 A) is cited to show an analogous tape cartridge having an analogous IC and antenna affixed to the cartridge, wherein the antenna is overcoated by layers (12-15) individually, or collectively and as per claim 19, wherein the cartridge memory comprises a plurality of said antennas or IC chips (e.g., 20a, 20b).

Given the express teachings and motivations, as espoused by Tanimura et al. (JP 10-214477 A), it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide the antenna of the Applicant's admitted prior art (APA) as being

overcoated, as per claims 6-9, and/or wherein, as per claim 19, wherein the cartridge comprises a plurality of said antennas or IC chips, as is expressly disclosed and suggested by Tanimura et al. (JP 10-214477 A).

The rationale is as follows: one of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to provide the antenna of the Applicant's admitted prior art (APA) as being overcoated, as per claims 6-9, and/or wherein, as per claim 19, wherein the cartridge comprises a plurality of said antennas or IC chips, as is expressly disclosed and suggested by Tanimura et al. (JP 10-214477 A) in order to adequately reinforce the antenna and/or protect it by adding overcoating layers, and to further provide increased recording capacity by providing multiple IC memories, as discussed and suggested by Tanimura et al. (JP 10-214477 A).

Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to William J. Klimowicz whose telephone number is (571) 272-7577. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday (6:30AM-5:00PM).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Hoa Thi Nguyen can be reached on (571) 272-7579. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

William J. Klimowicz

Primary Examiner
Art Unit 2627

WJK